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Infrared spectroscopy of disordered graphene: a theoretical analysis

In this presentation, I will report on experiments of the optical response of covalently functionalized graphene samples. We have found that these systems display, upon doping, sharp transparency windows (or antiresonances) in the mid-infrared at frequencies corresponding to center-of-zone phonons as well as edge-of-zone (K point) phonons. Surprisingly, these antiresonances map the presence of unreachable (optically inactive) phonon densities in a process similar in appearance to D-band double resonance in Raman

spectroscopy. Our work shows that the mechanism is however very different and results from an intraband scattering mechanism mediated by disorder-induced electron-phonon coupling. I will present a model that involves coherent intraband scattering with defects and phonons, thus relaxing the optical selection rule allowing scattering to phonon other than those at Γ . Numerical simulations based on the model reproduce the features of the experimental observations.

Figures

